

**EXPLANATORY NOTES FOR INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE  
FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2007**

**Part A – Explanatory Notes Pursuant To FRS 134**

**1. Basis of preparation**

The interim financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for the revaluation of leasehold land and buildings included within prepaid land lease payments and property, plant and equipment.

The interim financial statements are unaudited and have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of FRS 134: Interim Financial Reporting and Paragraph 9.22 of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad (“Bursa Malaysia”).

The interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006. These explanatory notes attached to the interim financial statements provide an explanation of events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in the financial position and performance of the Group since the year ended 31 December 2006.

**2. Changes in accounting policies**

The significant accounting policies and methods of computation adopted by the Group in this interim financial report are consistent with those of the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 except for:-

- a) the adoption of the following new/revised Financial Reporting Standards (“FRS”) effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 October 2006:
  - FRS 117 Leases
  - FRS 124 Related Party Disclosures
- b) early adoption of the FRS 112 Income Taxes which only becomes operative for financial statements covering periods beginning on or after 1 July 2007

The adoption of FRS 124 does not result in significant changes in accounting policies of the Group. The principal change in accounting policy and its effects resulting from the adoption of the revised FRS 117 and FRS 112 are discussed below:

**(i) FRS 117: Leases**

Prior to 1 January 2007, leasehold land held for own use was classified as property, plant and equipment and was stated at cost/valuation less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. The leasehold land was last revalued in 1993.

The adoption of the revised FRS 117 has resulted in a retrospective change in the accounting policy relating to the classification of leases of land and buildings. Leases of land and buildings are classified as operating and finance leases in the same way as leases of other assets and the land and buildings elements of a lease of land and buildings are considered separately for the purposes of lease

classification. Leasehold land held for own use is now classified as operating lease and where necessary, the minimum lease payments or the up-front payments made are allocated between the land and buildings elements of the lease at the inception of the lease. The up-front payments made for the leasehold land represents prepaid lease payments and are amortised on a straight line basis over the lease term.

The Group has applied the change in accounting policy in respect of leasehold land in accordance with the transitional provisions of FRS 117. At 1 January 2007, the unamortized revalued amount of leasehold land is retained as the surrogate carrying amount of prepaid lease payments as allowed by the transitional provisions. The reclassification of the leasehold land as prepaid lease payments has been accounted for retrospectively and certain comparatives have been restated as disclosed in Note 3.

**(ii) FRS 112: Income Taxes**

As announced by Malaysian Accounting Standards Board (MASB) on 15 Jun 2007, FRS 112<sub>2004</sub> has been revised to align with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs). Prior to the revision of FRS 112<sub>2004</sub>, re-investment allowances (“RA”) are treated as forming part of the tax base of the qualifying assets acquired. Deferred tax assets in respect of unutilised RA are not recognised in the financial statements due to the carrying amount of the qualifying asset being less than its tax base on initial recognition. Following the revision in FRS 112<sub>2004</sub>, entities with unutilised RA will have to recognise deferred tax assets on such unutilised RA to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unutilised RA can be utilised. The financial impact of the early adoption of the FRS 112 by the Group has been accounted for retrospectively and certain comparatives have been restated as disclosed in Note 3.

The financial impact to the Group arising from this change in accounting policy is as follows:

	<u>30.09.2007</u>		<u>Quarter ended</u>		<u>30.09.2006</u>	
	<u>FRS 112</u>	<u>FRS 117</u>	<u>Increase / (decrease)</u>		<u>FRS 117</u>	<u>Total</u>
			<u>Total</u>	<u>FRS 112</u>		
	<u>Note 2(ii)</u>	<u>Note 2(i)</u>	<u>Note 2(ii)</u>	<u>Note 2(i)</u>		
<u>RM'000</u>	<u>RM'000</u>	<u>RM'000</u>	<u>RM'000</u>	<u>RM'000</u>	<u>RM'000</u>	
Profit for the period	(596)	(37)	(633)	2,461	(37)	2,424

	<u>30.09.2007</u>		<u>YTD ended</u>		<u>30.09.2006</u>	
	<u>FRS 112</u>	<u>FRS 117</u>	<u>Increase / (decrease)</u>		<u>FRS 117</u>	<u>Total</u>
			<u>Total</u>	<u>FRS 112</u>		
	<u>Note 2(ii)</u>	<u>Note 2(i)</u>	<u>Note 2(ii)</u>	<u>Note 2(i)</u>		
<u>RM'000</u>	<u>RM'000</u>	<u>RM'000</u>	<u>RM'000</u>	<u>RM'000</u>	<u>RM'000</u>	
Profit for the period	3,488	(112)	3,376	7,383	(112)	7,271

The effects on the consolidated balance sheet as at 30 September 2007 are disclosed below.

### Effect on the consolidated balance sheets as at 30 September 2007

The following table provides estimates of the extent to which each of the line items in the balance sheets for the quarter ended 30 September 2007 is higher or lower than it would have been had the previous policy been applied in the current quarter.

	<b>Increase/(Decrease)</b>		
	<b><u>FRS 112</u></b>	<b><u>FRS 117</u></b>	<b><u>Total</u></b>
	<u>Note 2(ii)</u> <b>RM'000</b>	<u>Note 2(i)</u> <b>RM'000</b>	<b>RM'000</b>
Property, plant and equipment	-	(147,682)	(147,682)
Prepaid land lease payments	-	149,421	149,421
Investment in jointly controlled entities	13,332	-	13,332
Retained earnings	13,332	(1,130)	12,203
Minority Interest	-	(609)	(609)

### 3. Comparatives

The following comparative amounts have been restated due to the adoption of new and revised FRSs:

	<b><u>Previously stated</u></b> <b><u>RM'000</u></b>	<b><u>Adjustments:</u></b> <b><u>Increase / (Decrease)</u></b>			<b><u>Restated</u></b> <b><u>RM'000</u></b>
		<b><u>FRS 112</u></b> <b><u>(Note 2(ii))</u></b> <b><u>RM'000</u></b>	<b><u>FRS 117</u></b> <b><u>(Note 2(i))</u></b> <b><u>RM'000</u></b>	<b><u>FRS 124</u></b> <b><u>RM'000</u></b>	
		<b>As at 31 Dec 2006</b>			
Property, plant and equipment	402,997	-	(106,726)	-	296,271
Prepaid lease payments	-	-	105,099	-	105,099
Investments in jointly controlled entities	21,172	9,844	-	-	31,016
Retained Earning	230,477	9,844	(1,057)	-	239,264
Minority Interest	70,927	-	(570)	-	70,357

### 4. Auditors' report on preceding annual financial statements

The auditors' report on the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 was not qualified.

## 5. Segmental information

### i) Business segments

	9 months period ended 30 September 2007					
	Palm & Bio-Integration	Wood product manufacturing & trading & forestation	Cocoa manufacturing & trading	Others	Elimination	Consolidated
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
<b>REVENUE</b>						
External sales	396,734	124,860	96,686			
Inter-segment sales						
Total segment revenue	396,734	124,860	96,686			618,280
<b>RESULT</b>						
Segment results	60,451	16,283	9,731			86,465
Unallocated corporate expenses						(7,136)
Operating profit						79,329
Interest expenses						(7,764)
Interest income						1,337
Share of profits of jointly controlled entities						11,768
Income taxes						(9,461)
Profit from ordinary activities						75,209
Gain on disposal of shares in subsidiary						-
Minority interest						(10,910)
Net profit for the period						64,299
<b>OTHER INFORMATION</b>						
Segment assets	563,923	268,716	186,197			1,018,836
Investment in jointly controlled entities						42,784
Unallocated corporate assets						37,538
Consolidated total assets						1,099,158
Segment liabilities	221,697	87,246	45,755			354,698
Unallocated corporate liabilities						76,356
Consolidated total liabilities						431,054
Capital expenditure	49,608	20,506	2,094	4,138		76,346
Depreciation	10,026	3,921	1,321	606		15,874
Amortisation	4,613	177	-			4,791
Other non-cash expenses						

ii) Geographical segments

	Sales revenue to external customers RM'000	Carrying amount of segment assets RM'000	Additions to property, plant, equipment and intangible assets RM'000
Malaysia	533,140	925,298	67,078
Europe	32,750	37,112	45
United States of America	10,763	8,936	1
Indonesia	41,627	127,812	9,222
	618,280	1,099,158	76,346

**6. Unusual items due to their nature, size of incidence**

There were no unusual items affecting assets, liabilities, equity, net income, or cash flows during the period ended 30 September 2007 except as disclosed in Note 2.

**7. Changes in estimates**

There were no changes in estimates that have had a material impact in the current quarter results.

**8. Comments on seasonal or cyclical factors**

The effects of seasonal or cyclical fluctuations, if any, are explained under Paragraphs 1 and 2 of Part B i.e. Explanatory Notes Pursuant To Appendix 9B of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia below.

**9. Dividends paid**

Dividends paid on 28 August 2007 were declared on 28 May 2007, in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2006 being first and final tax exempt dividends of 5.0 cents on 412,440,863 ordinary shares of RM0.50 each, amounting to RM20.6 million.

**10. Carrying amount of revalued assets**

Valuations of land, buildings and plantations of the Group have been brought forward without amendment from the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006. The land, buildings and plantations of the Group were valued by the Directors in 1993 and 1998 based on professional appraisals by independent valuers using open market values on an existing use basis.

**11. Debt and equity securities**

There were no issuances, cancellations, repurchases, resale and repayments of debt and equity securities except for the following:

### **Treasury shares**

No share was bought back from the open market during the quarter ended 30 September 2007. The cumulative shares bought back are held as treasury shares.

The number of treasury shares held as at 30 September 2007 is as follows:

	<b>No. of shares</b>	<b>Amount (RM)</b>
Balance as at 30 June 2007	127,400	165,534
Add : Purchase of treasury shares	-	-
	127,400	165,534
Less : Treasury shares resold	-	-
Balance as at 30 September 2007	127,400	165,534

The number of issued and fully paid-up ordinary shares of the Company increased from 406,585,263 to 412,568,263 during the quarter ended 30 September 2007 and the details of the share movements are as follows:

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>Par value (RM)</b>	<b>No. of shares</b>	<b>Cumulative number of shares</b>
Balance as at 30 June 2007	0.50	-	406,585,263
Exercise of ESOS <sup>1</sup>	0.50	5,983,000	412,568,263

<sup>1</sup>Exercise price of ESOS is at RM0.51, RM0.78, RM1.33, RM1.35, RM1.49, RM1.56 and RM1.69.

### **12. Changes in composition of the Group**

There were no changes in the composition of the Group during the quarter ended 30 September 2007.

### **13. Discontinued operation**

There was no discontinued operation during the quarter ended 30 September 2007.

### **14. Capital commitments**

	<b><u>30 Sept 2007</u></b>	<b><u>31 Dec 2006</u></b>
	<b><u>RM'000</u></b>	<b><u>RM'000</u></b>
Commitments in respect of capital expenditure:		
Approved and contracted for	4,650	1,621
Approved but not contracted for	1,215	13,735
	<u>5,865</u>	<u>15,356</u>

### **15. Changes in contingent liabilities or contingent assets**

There was no change in contingent liabilities or contingent assets since the last annual balance sheet as at 31 December 2006.

### **16. Subsequent events**

There were no material events subsequent to the end of the current quarter.

## **Part B - Explanatory Notes Pursuant To Appendix 9B of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia**

### **1. Performance review**

The Group registered a turnover of RM618.3 million for the nine months ended 30 September 2007 representing an improvement of 34.5% over the corresponding period of the preceding financial year's turnover of RM459.7 million. The Group's profit before taxation of RM84.7 million exceeded the corresponding period of the preceding financial year's profit before taxation of RM44.5 million by 90.3%.

Palm bio-integration segment contributed a higher turnover of RM161.8 million for the quarter under review as compared to the preceding year's corresponding quarter of RM89.6 million. Segmental result for the quarter under review registered an increase from RM12.3 million during the preceding year's corresponding quarter to RM28.3 million (including share of profit of joint venture refinery) for the quarter under review. The improvement in turnover and result of the segment was mainly attributed to higher crude palm oil price and contributions from the Indonesia subsidiaries.

Wood products segment registered a higher turnover of RM41.5 million for the quarter under review as compared to the preceding year's corresponding quarter of RM38.5 million. Segmental result for the quarter under review also recorded a marginal increase from RM4.9 million the preceding year's corresponding quarter to RM5.5 million for the quarter under review. The improvement in turnover and result was mainly attributed to the higher turnover achieved by sawn mill operation which resulted from the improvement in its average selling price and sales volume during the quarter under review.

Turnover of cocoa manufacturing and marketing business increased to RM35.0 million for the quarter under review compared to RM23.9 million in the preceding year's corresponding quarter due to improved throughput and cocoa butter ratio. The improvement in result for the quarter under review was in line with the improvement in throughput and cocoa butter ratio.

### **2. Material changes in the profit before taxation for the quarter reported on as compared with the immediate preceding quarter.**

The Group posted a higher turnover of RM238.4 million for the quarter under review as compared to RM211.1 million in the immediate preceding quarter and it was mainly attributed to the higher sales volume and selling price of crude palm oil.

Profit before taxation increased to RM33.4 million as compared to RM29.8 million in the immediate preceding quarter following higher sales volume and selling price of crude palm oil and improved contributions from the jointly controlled entities.

Palm bio-integration registered a higher turnover and profit of RM161.9 million and RM28.3 million (including share of profit of joint venture refinery) respectively against the immediate corresponding quarter's turnover and profit of RM134.6 million and RM25.9 million (including share of profit of joint venture refinery). The improvement was mainly attributed to higher sales volume of crude palm oil coupled with higher selling price of crude palm oil price.

Lower sales volume achieved by wood products segment for the quarter under review was in line with the 10.4% decrease in turnover from RM46.3 million in the immediate preceding quarter to RM41.5 million for the quarter under review. The lower sales volume was mainly attributed to lower production output which resulted by the unforeseen complications and delay in the production line expansion. The result of wood product segment has marginally decreased from RM5.5 million in the immediate preceding quarter to RM5.4 million for the quarter under review following lower sales volume and average selling price.

Higher throughput and cocoa butter ratio in cocoa manufacturing and trading segment has led to an increase in turnover from RM30.1 million in the immediate preceding quarter to RM35.0 million for the current quarter under review. Segment profit has marginally decreased to RM3.3 million during the quarter under review as compared to RM3.4 million for the immediate preceding quarter and it was mainly due to increase in raw material cost e.g. cocoa bean .

### 3. Commentary on the prospects

The Directors are optimistic of achieving significantly better results for the year under review due to expectation of favourable palm product prices and improved contribution from Indonesian oil palm operations where FFB production is expected to increase due to yield improvement and expanded hectareage.

The Directors also view the prospects of the joint-venture with Wilmar International Ltd. as good, on the back of a favourable performance for the first nine months of commercial operations.

### 4. Explanatory notes for any variance of actual profit from forecast profit and shortfall in the profit guarantee (only applicable to the final quarter)

Not applicable.

### 5. Income Tax Expense

	<u>30 Sept 2007</u> <u>RM'000</u>	<u>30 Sept 2006</u> <u>RM'000</u>
Current tax:		
Malaysian income tax	8,189	6,723
Foreign tax	1,344	-
Under/(over) provided in prior years:		
Malaysian income tax	-	(411)
Foreign tax	-	-
Deferred tax:		
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	(72)	(93)
Under/(over) provided in prior years	-	(10)
	<u>9,461</u>	<u>6,209</u>



## **6. Sale of unquoted investments and/or properties**

There were no sales of unquoted investments and/or other properties during the financial quarter under review.

## **7. Quoted securities**

There were no purchases or disposals of quoted securities during the financial quarter under review.

## **8. Corporate Proposals**

### **a) Status of corporate proposals**

As at the date of this report, there was no other corporate proposal announced but not completed as at the date of this report except for the following:-

As announced, TSH Resources Berhad ("TSH") had on 19 June 2007 agreed-in-principle to acquire 10,000 ordinary shares of SGD1.00 each, representing 100% of the entire issued and paid-up capital in Elaeis Oversea Pte. Ltd ("Elaeis") for a total purchase consideration of USD4,725,000 less liabilities to be assumed (approximately RM16,205,474 using an exchange rate of USD1.00 for RM3.42973) from Sharecorp Limited ("Proposed Acquisition"). Elaeis is a private limited company incorporated in the Republic of Singapore which holds 90% equity shareholding in PT Farinda Bersaudara. PT Farinda owns approximately 15,000 hectares of land with ijin lokasi status located in Kabupaten Kutai Barat, Propinsi Kalimantan Timur. The company had completed the environmental study and has obtained the necessary licence to develop the land into oil palm plantation. In addition, the vendor undertakes to convert the land to "Hak Guna Usaha" ("HGU") at their own expense.

The Proposed Acquisition is subject to, inter alia, mutually acceptable share sale agreement to be signed, satisfactory outcome of legal and financial due diligence and the approval of Bank Negara Malaysia for payment and remittance of the purchase consideration.

The Proposed Acquisition will not have any effect on the share capital and shareholding structure of TSH.

Further to the above announcement dated 19 June 2007, TSH Resources Bhd had on 21 September 2007 announced that the vendor, Sharecorp Limited has agreed to extend the completion time of the Proposed acquisition to December 2007 pending completion of legal and financial due diligence.

### **b) Status of utilisation of proceeds**

Not applicable

## 9. Group Borrowings and Debt Securities

	As at 30 Sept 07 RM'000	As at 31 Dec 06 RM'000
<b>Total Group borrowings</b>		
- secured	61,000	102,738
- unsecured	174,365	83,390
<b>Short term borrowings</b>		
- secured	46,000	73,619
- unsecured	67,132	69,437
<b>Long term borrowings</b>		
- secured	15,000	29,119
- unsecured	107,233	13,953

Included in long and short term borrowings are RM61.0 million Al-Murabahah Medium Term Notes/Commercial Papers at a nominal value of RM1.0 million each, with a carrying value of RM61.0 million.

All borrowings are denominated in Ringgit Malaysia, except for the following loans in the books of the subsidiaries as follows:

<b>Subsidiaries</b>	<b>USD'000</b>	<b>RM'000 Equivalent</b>
PT Andalas Agro Industri	4,320	14,731
PT Sarana Prima Multi Niaga	12,000	41,028
Jatoba International Pte Ltd	13,000	44,447
Total	<u>29,320</u>	<u>100,206</u>

## 10. Off balance sheet financial instruments

The Group had entered into the following foreign currency derivatives maturing within 1 year to hedge trade receivables.

	<u>Notional amount as at</u> <u>30.9.2007</u> <u>RM'000</u>	<u>31.12.2006</u> <u>RM'000</u>
Forward foreign exchange contracts	5,118	14,075
Ratio forward agreements	3,027	1,098
	<u>8,145</u>	<u>15,173</u>

## 11. Changes in material litigation

Save as disclosed below, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries is engaged in any material litigation either as plaintiff or defendant as at the date of this report and the Directors do not have any knowledge of any proceeding pending or threatened against the Company or its subsidiaries or of any facts likely to give rise to any proceedings which might materially affect the position of the Company and its subsidiaries:

- (i) Ekowood International Berhad (“Ekowood”) had on 19 September 1997 filed a suit via Suit No. 22-118-1997 in Ipoh High Court against Gopeng Land & Properties Sdn. Bhd. (“Gopeng”), Villa Technobuild Sdn. Bhd. (“Villa”) and Chuah Cheng Hoe (“CCH”) (practising as CH Chuah Associates) for loss and damages arising from the breach of contract and/or negligence on the part of the defendants as follows:
- (a) breach of contract and/or negligence by Gopeng in carrying out the infilling works on a piece of land in the Gopeng Industrial Park in accordance with a Sale and Purchase Agreement dated 18 January 1995 between Ekowood and Gopeng resulting in severe damage to the factory buildings and associated external works (“Works”) located within and/or nearby the aforesaid land;
  - (b) breach of contract by Villa of the construction contract dated 15 March 1995 in failing to construct the Works in a good or workmanlike manner or with good or proper materials and therefore the Works are not fit for its purpose and cannot be properly used as a wood product factory; and
  - (c) breach by CCH of his contract of employment with Ekowood as consultant engineer and/or negligence in failing to exercise due professional skill and care in the performance of his services resulting in the Works containing serious and substantial defects which prevent the Works from being properly and efficiently used as a wood product factory.

In the abovementioned suit, Ekowood claimed against Gopeng and Villa, inter alia, for damages of RM45,160,104.10 and general damages for loss of goodwill to be assessed by the Court and against CCH, inter alia, for the sum of RM16,284,873 being the amount paid to Villa under the construction contract, or alternatively, for damages to the sum of RM45,160,369 and general damages for loss of goodwill to be assessed by the Court.

- (ii) Gopeng had on 8 November 2001 filed a suit against Ekowood via Suit No. 22-219-01 in Ipoh High Court in relation to the abovementioned Sale and Purchase Agreement dated 18 January 1995 made between Gopeng and Ekowood whereby Gopeng has agreed to sell and Ekowood has agreed to purchase the land in Gopeng Industrial Park.

In the abovementioned suit, Gopeng claimed against Ekowood inter alia for specific performance of the Sale and Purchase Agreement in that Ekowood be ordered to pay to Gopeng the sum of RM3,434,457, interests thereon from 1 July 1997 or such other date deemed appropriate, or alternatively for vacant possession of the aforesaid land and damages pursuant to the Sale and Purchase Agreement, and general damages for breach of contract, and costs.

Payment of the principal sum has been provided for in the accounts of Ekowood.

Ekowood has filed its defence and counter-claim to the above suit. Ekowood counter-claimed against Gopeng for general damages, for special damages of RM45,160,104 being the cost of inter alia rectification of works damaged by

the subsidence of the land and loss of profits, and also claimed for interest from date of judgment and costs. Gopeng has thereafter filed its reply and defence to the counter-claim.

The two (2) suits mentioned in paragraph (i) and (ii) above are inter-related.

As per announcement made on 9<sup>th</sup> October 2007, Ekowood International Berhad ("Ekowood") has accepted the settlement terms proposed by the Gopeng Land & Properties Sdn Bhd ("Gopeng Land") and Villa Technobuild Sdn Bhd ("Villa Technobuild") premised upon commercial expediency. However, the Suit have been postponed by the parties to 7 January 2008 pending application to be submitted by Gopeng Land to the state authority for consent to transfer ("Consent") 19 pieces of land located at Mukim Sungai Raia, Daerah Kinta, Negeri Perak ("Land") to Ekowood. Upon obtaining the Consent, Ekowood's solicitors have been instructed to record a consent judgment as advised.

According to the proposed settlement, Ekowood shall pay RM2,575,842.78 (i.e. 75% out of the balance of purchase price) and RM84,865.80 (i.e. refund of quit rent) to the solicitors of Gopeng Land as stakeholder in exchange for the original land titles of the Land, quit rent receipts and valid Memorandum of Transfer in favour of Ekowood to transfer the Land purchased by Ekowood pursuant to the Sale and Purchase Agreement dated 18 January 1995. The total sum of RM2,660,690.58 is to be released to Gopeng Land after completion of registration of transfer of the Land to Ekowood. Ekowood shall also pay RM680,000 to Villa Technobuild as full and final settlement of their counter-claim of RM1.7 million for construction works. A total sum of RM4,434,457.04 had been provided for in the accounts of Ekowood. Based on the proposed settlement, Ekowood and Gopeng Land shall withdraw the Suit from the High Court. Villa Technobuild and CH Chua Associates have agreed to the withdrawals with no order as to cost.

There were a few proposals between the parties and the settlement sum was finally reached after negotiations by all parties. The settlement will result in future savings on interest, legal expenses and also allow Ekowood to become the registered owner of the Land measuring approximately 1.75 million square feet at a reduced purchase price.

The Board of Directors is of the opinion that the aforesaid out of court settlement reflects a fair, reasonable and final conclusion to the matter as the civil suits have been on-going for a period of 10 years.

## **12. Dividend Payable**

The Company did not declare any interim dividend for the financial period ended 30 September 2007 (30 September 2006 : Nil).

### 13. Earnings per share

#### (a) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing profit for the period attributable to ordinary shareholders of TSH Resources Bhd by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period, excluding treasury shares held by the Company.

	<u>Quarter ended 30 Sept</u>		<u>YTD ended 30 Sept</u>	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Net profit for the period/quarter (RM'000)	24,736	12,202	64,299	32,729
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue ('000)	387,711	366,541	387,711	366,541
Basic earnings per ordinary share (sen)	6.38	3.33	16.58	8.92

#### Diluted earnings per share

	<u>Quarter ended 30 Sept</u>		<u>YTD ended 30 Sept</u>	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Net profit for the period/quarter (RM'000)	24,736	12,202	64,299	32,729
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue ('000)	389,530	370,426	389,530	370,426
Diluted earnings per ordinary share (sen)	6.35	3.29	16.51	8.83

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit for the period and the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the financial period under review have been adjusted for all the unissued shares under options granted pursuant to the Employee Share Options Scheme of 6,521,000 shares.

The share options was calculated based on the number of shares which would have been acquired at the market price (average annual share price of the Company's share) based on the monetary value of the subscription rights attached to the outstanding share options. No adjustment is made to the net profit attributable to the shareholders for the share options calculation.

#### (b) Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted) is as follows:

Weight average no. of ordinary shares ('000)	387,711
Effect of ESOS ('000)	1,819
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted) ('000)	<u>389,530</u>

**14. Authorisation for Issue**

The interim financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 15 November 2007.